

Location. patent, as hereinafter limited, to the State of Oregon for the following-described land: The northeast quarter of the northwest quarter of section 2, township 39 south, range 22 east, of the Willamette meridian, in the State of Oregon, for use of said State in maintaining and operating thereon a fish hatchery: *Provided*, That there shall be reserved to the United States all oil, coal, or other minerals in the land, and the right to prospect for, mine, and remove the same: *Provided further*, That if the State of Oregon shall, for a period of two years, fail to use the land for fish hatchery purposes, or shall devote the same to other uses, the title thereto shall revert to the United States, and the lands shall be restored to the public domain upon a finding of such failure by the Secretary of the Interior.

Provisos.
Minerals reserved.

Reversion for non-user.

Approved, February 25, 1925.

February 25, 1925.
[H. R. 9688.]
[Public, No. 476.]

CHAP. 328.—An Act Granting public lands to the city of Red Bluff, California, for a public park.

Public lands.
Granted to Red Bluff, Calif., for public park.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to issue patent to the city of Red Bluff, California, in trust, for public park purposes, for the following tract of land, to wit:

Description. The north half of the northeast quarter of section 22, township 29 north, range 2 east, Mount Diablo meridian, Tehama County, California, upon payment by said city at the rate of \$1.25 per acre, subject to all valid existing bona fide right or claim initiated under the land laws of the United States: *Provided*, That there shall be reserved to the United States all oil, coal, and other mineral deposits that may be found in the land so granted and all necessary use of the land for extracting the same; that the grant hereby made shall be subject to the provisions of section 24 of the Federal Water Power Act (Forty-first United States Statutes, pages 1063-1077, approved June 10, 1920): *Provided further*, That said city shall not have the right to sell or convey the land herein granted, or any part thereof, or to devote the same to any other purpose than as hereinbefore described; and that if the said land shall not be used as a public park, the same shall revert to the United States: *And provided further*, That the patent issued under the provisions of this Act shall expressly reserve all the rights in the United States as specified herein.

Provisos.
Minerals reserved.

Water power reservation.
Vol. 41, p. 1075.

Reversion for non-user.

Rights reserved.

Approved, February 25, 1925.

February 25, 1925.
[H. R. 10411.]
[Public, No. 477.]

CHAP. 329.—An Act Granting desert-land entrymen an extension of time for making final proof.

Public lands.
Time extended for final proof by desert-land entrymen.
Vol. 38, p. 1161; Vol. 40, p. 458.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior may, in his discretion, in addition to the extensions authorized by existing law, grant to any entryman under the desert-land laws of the United States a further extension of time of not to exceed three years within which to make final proof: *Provided*, That such entryman shall, by his corroborated affidavit, filed in the land office of the district where such land is located, show to the satisfaction of the Secretary that because of unavoidable delay in the construction of the irrigation works intended to convey water to the land embraced in his entry, he is, without fault on his part, unable to make proof of the reclamation and cultivation

Provisos.
Cause of delay to be proven.